

TEST REPORT

Company Name

Mid Ocean Brands B.V

Shown on Report: Address:

7/F. Kings Tower | 111 King Lam Street | Cheung Sha Wan,

Kowloon | Hong Kong

The following sample(s) was/were submitted and identified on behalf of the client as:

Sample Name: PP Lunch Box with bamboo Lid

Sample Model: MO2459

Vendor code: 111906

Mid Ocean Brands B.V Buyer:

Sample quantity: 4 Pieces

Sample Received Date: Nov.01, 2024

Test Period: Nov.01, 2024 - Dec.04, 2024

Date of Issue: Dec.06, 2024

ISSUED BY:

GUANGDONG COBO TESTING CO.,LTD.

Tested by: Checked by:

Anti-counterfeiting code:

Approved by:

6cj8

Sam Xie

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Tel: 86-769-22622263 E-mail: qc@cobo-test.com Web: www.titcgroup.com/www.cobo-test.com



1. Test Requested and Test Conclusion:

Based on the performed tests on specified material(s) or submitted sample(s).

| Test items | Conclusion | | | | |
|---|-------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 REACH Annex XVII | | | | | |
| - Total Lead (Pb) Content | PASS | | | | |
| - Total Cadmium(Cd) Content | PASS | | | | |
| - Phthalates content | PASS | | | | |
| - Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAHs) Content | PASS | | | | |
| REGULATION (EC) No 1935/2004 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE materials and articles intended to come into contact with food.and COMMISSION REG (EU)No.10/2011 on plastic materials and articles intended to come into contact with fo | GULATION | | | | |
| - Overall migration | PASS | | | | |
| - Specific migration of Bisphenol A (BPA) | PASS | | | | |
| - Primary aromatic amines | PASS | | | | |
| - Soluble heavy metal | PASS | | | | |
| Framework Resolution ResAP(2004)5 on silicones used for food contact applications. | | | | | |
| - Overall migration | PASS | | | | |
| French Law No.2012-1442 of 24 December 2012 for the suspension of the manufand marketing of all-purpose food packaging containing bisphenol A (BPA). | facture, import, export | | | | |
| - Bisphenol A (BPA) Content | PASS | | | | |
| Decree of 25 November 1992 on materials and articles made of elastomer silicone pl in contact with foodstuffs, products and beverages food. | aced or intended to be | | | | |
| - Overall migration | PASS | | | | |
| - Volatile organic matter | PASS | | | | |
| - Peroxide residues | PASS | | | | |
| - Specific migration of Organotin. | PASS | | | | |
| DGCCRF DM/4B/COM/003 Rules relating to organic materials based on synthetic mainto contact with food | terial intended to come | | | | |
| - Overall migration | PASS | | | | |
| - Specific migration of Bisphenol A (BPA) | PASS | | | | |
| - Primary aromatic amines | PASS | | | | |
| - Soluble heavy metal | PASS | | | | |
| German food, Articles of Daily Use and Feed Code (LFGB), section 30&31, and BfR Recommendations. | | | | | |
| - Pentachlorophenol(PCP) | PASS | | | | |
| - Specific migration of Formaldehyde | PASS | | | | |
| BS EN 12875-1:2005 Mechanical dishwashing resistance of utensils - Part 1: Reference domestic articles. | nce test method for | | | | |

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| - Mechanical dishwashing | PASS |
|---------------------------------------|------|
| Microwavable testing-BS EN 15284:2007 | PASS |



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Test Result(s) 2.

2.1 Total Lead(Pb) content - REACH Annex XVII

Test method: Reference to IEC 62321-5:2013, analyzed by Inductively Coupled Plasma Optical Emission Spectrometry (ICP-OES).

| Material No. | Test Items | CAS No. | Limit(mg/kg) | RL(mg/kg) | Result(mg/kg) |
|-----------------|------------|-----------|--------------|-----------|---------------|
| 1 | Lead (Pb) | 7439-92-1 | 500 | 10 | N.D. |
| 2 | Lead (Pb) | 7439-92-1 | 500 | 10 | N.D. |
| 3 | Lead (Pb) | 7439-92-1 | 500 | 10 | N.D. |

Note:

- mg/kg = milligram per kilogram
- N.D. = Not Detected (<RL)
- RL =Report Limit.

2.2 Total Cadmium (Cd) Content - REACH Annex XVII

Test method: Reference to IEC 62321-5:2013, analyzed by Inductively Coupled Plasma Optical Emission Spectrometry (ICP-OES).

| Material No. | Test Items | CAS No. | Limit(mg/kg) | RL(mg/kg) | Result(mg/kg) |
|-----------------|--------------|-----------|--------------|-----------|---------------|
| 1 | Cadmium (Cd) | 7440-43-9 | 100 | 10 | N.D. |
| 2 | Cadmium (Cd) | 7440-43-9 | 100 | 10 | N.D. |

Note:

- mg/kg = milligram per kilogram 1.
- N.D. = Not Detected (<RL) 2.
- 3. RL =Report Limit.

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2.3 Phthalates content - REACH Annex XVII

<u>Test Method</u>: With reference to CPSC-CH-C1001-09.4, Analyzed by Gas Chromatography-Mass Spectrometer (GC-MS).

| Commont name | CACNO | | Result(mg/kg) | |
|-----------------------------------|------------|---------------|---------------|------|
| Compound name | CAS No. | Limit (mg/kg) | 1 | 2 |
| Di-isononyl phthalate (DINP) | 28553-12-0 | - | N.D. | N.D. |
| Di-isodecyl phthalate (DIDP) | 26761-40-0 | - | N.D. | N.D. |
| Di-n-octyl phthalate (DNOP) | 117-84-0 | - | N.D. | N.D. |
| Sum of DINP+ DIDP+ DNOP | - | 1000 | N.D. | N.D. |
| Di-(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate(DEHP) | 117-81-7 | - | N.D. | N.D. |
| Dibutyl phthalate (DBP) | 84-74-2 | - | N.D. | N.D. |
| Benzylbutyl phthalate (BBP) | 85-68-7 | - | N.D. | N.D. |
| Diisobutyl phthalate (DIBP) | 84-69-5 | - | N.D. | N.D. |
| Sum of DEHP+ DBP+ BBP+ DIBP | - | 1000 | N.D. | N.D. |
| Conclusion | - | - | PASS | PASS |

Note:

- 1. mg/kg = milligram per kilogram
- 2. N.D. = Not Detected (<Report Limit: 50mg/kg)



2.4 Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAHs) Content - REACH Annex XVII

<u>Test Method</u>: Reference to Afps GS 2019.01 PAK, analysis was performed by Gas Chromatograph-Mass Spectrometer (GC-MS).

| Test Substance | CACNIC | Limit | DI (mag/legs) | Result (mg/kg) | |
|------------------------------|----------|---------|---------------|----------------|------|
| lest Substance | CAS No. | (mg/kg) | RL(mg/kg) | 1 | 2 |
| Benzo(a)pyrene(BaP) | 50-32-8 | | < 0.1 | N.D. | N.D. |
| Benzo[e]pyren(BeP) | 192-97-2 | | < 0.1 | N.D. | N.D. |
| Benz(a)anthracene(BaA) | 56-55-3 | | < 0.1 | N.D. | N.D. |
| Chrysene(CHR) | 218-01-9 | | < 0.1 | N.D. | N.D. |
| Benzo(b)fluoranthene(BbFA) | 205-99-2 | | < 0.1 | N.D. | N.D. |
| Benzo[j]fluoranthen(BjFA) | 205-82-3 | | < 0.1 | N.D. | N.D. |
| Benzo(k)fluoranthene(BkFA) | 207-08-9 | | < 0.1 | N.D. | N.D. |
| Dibenz(a,h)anthracene(DBAhA) | 53-70-3 | | < 0.1 | N.D. | N.D. |
| Sum Of Above 8 P. | < 1.0 | < 0.5 | N.D. | N.D. | |
| Conclusion | | | | | PASS |

Note:

- 1. mg/kg = milligram per kilogram
- 2. N.D. = Not Detected (<RL)
- 3. RL =Report Limit.

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2.5 Overall migration - EU

Test Method: With reference to EN1186-3:2022

| Matarial No | Took Condition | Limit | Result(mg/dm²) | | | Camaluaian |
|--------------|-----------------------------------|----------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------|
| Material No. | Test Condition | (mg/dm²) | 1 st | 2 nd | 3 rd | Conclusion |
| | 3% Acetic acid(w/v), 70℃, 2 hours | 10 | <3 | <3 | <3 | PASS |
| 4 | 50% Ethanol(v/v), 70°C, 2 hours | 10 | <3 | <3 | <3 | PASS |
| 1 | 95% Ethanol(v/v), 60°C, 2 hours | 10 | <3 | <3 | <3 | PASS |
| | Isooctane, 40°C, 0.5 hours | 10 | 3.4 | <3 | <3 | PASS |

Note:

mg/dm² = milligram per square decimetre of surface area of material or article.

2.6 Specific migration of Bisphenol A (BPA) - EU

<u>Test Method:</u> With reference to CEN/TS 13130-13:2005, analyzed by Liquid Chromatography- Mass Spectrometry (LC-MS/MS).

| Meterial No | Took Condition | Limit | Result(mg/kg) | | | Canalysian |
|--------------|--------------------------------------|---------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------|
| Material No. | Test Condition | (mg/kg) | 1 st | 2 nd | 3 rd | Conclusion |
| 1 | 3% Acetic acid(w/v),70°C for 2 hours | 0.05 | <0.01 | <0.01 | <0.01 | PASS |
| 2 | 3% Acetic acid(w/v),70°C for 2 hours | 0.05 | <0.01 | <0.01 | <0.01 | PASS |

Note:

mg/kg = milligrams of the constituents released per kilogram of foodstuff.



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2.7 Primary aromatic amines - EU

<u>Test Method:</u> BS EN 13130-1:2004, analyzed by Ultra-high performance liquid chromatography – tandem mass spectrometry (UPLC-MS/MS).

| | | | Limit | Results (mg/kg) | | | |
|-----|--|----------|---------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| No. | Substances Name | CAS No. | Limit | | 1 | | |
| | | | (mg/kg) | 1 st | 2 nd | 3 rd | |
| 1 | biphenyl-4-ylamine/ 4-aminodiphenyl/ xenylamine | 92-67-1 | 0.002 | <0.002 | <0.002 | <0.002 | |
| 2 | benzidine | 92-87-5 | 0.002 | < 0.002 | <0.002 | <0.002 | |
| 3 | 4-chloro-o-toluidine | 95-69-2 | 0.002 | < 0.002 | < 0.002 | < 0.002 | |
| 4 | 2-naphthylamine | 91-59-8 | 0.002 | < 0.002 | < 0.002 | < 0.002 | |
| 5 | o-aminoazotoluene/ 4-o-tolylazo-o-toluidine/ 4-amino-2', 3-dimethylazobenzene | 97-56-3 | 0.002 | <0.002 | <0.002 | <0.002 | |
| 6 | 2-amino-4-nitrotoluene/ 5-nitro-o-toluidine | 99-55-8 | 0.002 | <0.002 | <0.002 | <0.002 | |
| 7 | 4-chloroaniline | 106-47-8 | 0.002 | < 0.002 | < 0.002 | < 0.002 | |
| 8 | 4-methoxy-m-phenylenediamin e | 615-05-4 | 0.002 | <0.002 | <0.002 | <0.002 | |
| 9 | 4,4'-methylenedianiline/4,4'-dia minodiphenylmethane | 101-77-9 | 0.002 | <0.002 | <0.002 | <0.002 | |
| 10 | 3,3'-dichlorobenzidine/ 3,3'-dichlorobiphenyl-4,4'-ylene diamine | 91-94-1 | 0.002 | <0.002 | <0.002 | <0.002 | |
| 11 | 3,3'-dimethoxybenzidine/ o-dianisidine | 119-90-4 | 0.002 | <0.002 | <0.002 | <0.002 | |
| 12 | 3,3'-dimethylbenzidine/ 4,4'-bi-o-toluidine | 119-93-7 | 0.002 | <0.002 | <0.002 | <0.002 | |
| 13 | 4,4'-methylenedi-o-toluidine | 838-88-0 | 0.002 | < 0.002 | <0.002 | <0.002 | |
| 14 | 6-methoxy-m-toluidine/ p-cresidine | 120-71-8 | 0.002 | <0.002 | <0.002 | <0.002 | |
| 15 | 4,4'-methylene-bis-(2-chloroani line)/ 2,2'-dichloro-4,4'-methylene-di aniline | 101-14-4 | 0.002 | <0.002 | <0.002 | <0.002 | |
| 16 | 4,4'-oxydianiline | 101-80-4 | 0.002 | < 0.002 | < 0.002 | < 0.002 | |
| 17 | 4,4'-thiodianiline | 139-65-1 | 0.002 | < 0.002 | < 0.002 | < 0.002 | |
| 18 | o-toluidine/ 2-aminotoluene | 95-53-4 | 0.002 | < 0.002 | < 0.002 | < 0.002 | |
| 19 | 4-methyl-m-phenylenediamine/ 2,4-toluylendiamine | 95-80-7 | 0.002 | <0.002 | <0.002 | <0.002 | |
| 20 | 2,4,5-trimethylaniline | 137-17-7 | 0.002 | < 0.002 | < 0.002 | < 0.002 | |
| 21 | o-anisidine / 2-methoxyaniline | 90-04-0 | 0.002 | < 0.002 | < 0.002 | < 0.002 | |
| 22 | 4-aminoazobenzene | 60-09-3 | 0.002 | < 0.002 | < 0.002 | < 0.002 | |

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| 23 | m-Phenylenediamine | 108-45-2 | 0.002 | < 0.002 | < 0.002 | < 0.002 | |
|----|---|-----------|-------|---------|--------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| 24 | Aniline | 62-53-3 | | | | | |
| 25 | 2,4-Dimethylaniline/2,4-xylidine | 95-68-1 | | | <0.01 | | |
| 26 | 2,6-Dimethylaniline/2,6-xylidine | 87-62-7 | | | | <0.01 | |
| 27 | m-Phenylenediamine | 108-45-2 | 0.01 | < 0.01 | | | |
| 28 | p-Phenylenediamine/ 1,4-phenylenediamine | 106-50-3 | | \\ 0.01 | \0.01 | \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ | |
| 29 | 2,6-Toluenediamine | 823-40-5 | | | | | |
| 30 | 1,5-Diaminenaphthalane | 2243-62-1 | | | | | |
| | Conclusion | | | | PASS | | |

Note:

- 1. Test Condition: 3% Acetic acid(w/v), 70℃ for 2 hours
- 2. mg/kg = milligrams of the constituents released per kilogram of foodstuff.
- 3. The results of the three migration tests should show a decreasing trend, and the results of the third test should be used to determine the compliance.



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2.8 Specific Release of Heavy Metals – EU

<u>Test Method:</u> BS EN13130-1:2004, was analyzed by Inductively Coupled Plasma Mass Spectrometer (ICP-MS).

| | | | Results (mg/kg) | | | |
|-----|------------------------------|---------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| No. | Elements | Limit (mg/kg) | | 1 | | |
| | | | 1 st | 2 nd | 3 rd | |
| 1 | Barium (Ba) | 1 | <0.1 | <0.1 | <0.1 | |
| 2 | Cobalt (Co) | 0.05 | < 0.05 | < 0.05 | < 0.05 | |
| 3 | Copper (Cu) | 5 | < 0.5 | < 0.5 | < 0.5 | |
| 4 | Iron (Fe) | 48 | <1 | <1 | <1 | |
| 5 | Lithium (Li) | 0.6 | <0.1 | <0.1 | <0.1 | |
| 6 | Manganese (Mn) | 0.6 | < 0.05 | < 0.05 | < 0.05 | |
| 7 | Zinc (Zn) | 5 | <1 | <1 | <1 | |
| 8 | Aluminium (Al) | 1 | <0.1 | <0.1 | <0.1 | |
| 9 | Nickel (Ni) | 0.02 | < 0.01 | < 0.01 | < 0.01 | |
| 10 | Lead (Pb) | 0.01 | < 0.01 | < 0.01 | < 0.01 | |
| 11 | Cadmium (Cd) | 0.002 | < 0.002 | < 0.002 | < 0.002 | |
| 12 | Arsenic (As) | 0.01 | < 0.01 | < 0.01 | < 0.01 | |
| 13 | Mercury (Hg) | 0.01 | < 0.01 | < 0.01 | < 0.01 | |
| 14 | Chromium (Cr) | 0.01 | <0.01 | < 0.01 | < 0.01 | |
| 15 | Antimony (Sb) | 0.04 | < 0.02 | < 0.02 | < 0.02 | |
| 16 | Europium (Eu) | | | | | |
| 17 | Gadolinium (Gd) | 0.05 | <0.01 | <0.01 | <0.01 | |
| 18 | Lanthanum (La) | 0.05 | <0.01 | <0.01 | <0.01 | |
| 19 | Terbium (Tb) | | | | | |
| 20 | Calcium (Ca) | | < 0.001 | < 0.001 | < 0.001 | |
| 21 | Ammonium (NH ₄ +) | | < 0.001 | < 0.001 | < 0.001 | |
| 22 | Magnesium (Mg) | | < 0.001 | < 0.001 | < 0.001 | |
| 23 | potassium (K) | | 0.011 | 0.014 | < 0.001 | |
| 24 | Sodium (Na) | | < 0.001 | < 0.001 | < 0.001 | |
| | Conclusion | | PASS | PASS | PASS | |

Note:

- 1. Test Condition: 3% Acetic acid(w/v),70°C for 2 hours
- 2. mg/kg = milligrams of the constituents released per kilogram of foodstuff.
- 3. The results of the three migration tests should show a decreasing trend, and the results of the third test should be used to determine the compliance.



2.9 Overall migration - AP(2004)5

Test Method: With reference to EN1186-3:2022

| Matarial No | Took Condition | Limit | Result(mg/dm²) | | | Canalusian |
|--------------|------------------------------------|----------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------|
| Material No. | Test Condition | (mg/dm²) | 1 st | 2 nd | 3 rd | Conclusion |
| | 3% Acetic acid(w/v), 70°C, 2 hours | 10 | <3 | <3 | <3 | PASS |
| 2 | 50% Ethanol(v/v), 70℃, 2 hours | 10 | <3 | <3 | <3 | PASS |
| | 95% Ethanol(v/v), 60°C, 2 hours | 10 | <3 | <3 | <3 | PASS |
| | Isooctane, 40°C, 0.5 hours | 10 | 3.7 | <3 | <3 | PASS |

Note:

mg/dm² = milligram per square decimetre of surface area of material or article.

2.10 Bisphenol A (BPA) Content - DGCCRF

Test Method: Solvent extraction, analyzed by Liquid Chromatography- Mass Spectrometry (LC-MS/MS).

| Material No. | Limit(mg/kg) | Result(mg/kg) | Conclusion | |
|--------------|--------------|---------------|------------|--|
| 1 | N.D. | N.D. | PASS | |
| 2 | N.D. | N.D. | PASS | |

Note:

- 1. mg/kg = milligrams per kilogram.
- 2. N.D. = Not Detected (<Report Limit: 0.01mg/kg)

2.11 Overall migration - DGCCRF

Test Method: With reference to EN1186-3:2022

| Matarial No | Took Condition | Limit | Res | ult(mg/d | Canalysian | |
|--------------|------------------------------------|----------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------|
| Material No. | Test Condition | (mg/dm²) | 1 st | 2 nd | 3 rd | Conclusion |
| | 3% Acetic acid(w/v), 70°C, 2 hours | 10 | <3 | <3 | <3 | PASS |
| | 50% Ethanol(v/v), 70℃, 2 hours | 10 | <3 | <3 | <3 | PASS |
| 1 | 95% Ethanol(v/v), 60℃, 2 hours | 10 | <3 | <3 | <3 | PASS |
| | Isooctane, 40°C, 0.5 hours | 10 | 3.4 | <3 | <3 | PASS |
| | 3% Acetic acid(w/v), 70°C, 2 hours | 10 | <3 | <3 | <3 | PASS |
| 2 | 50% Ethanol(v/v), 70℃, 2 hours | 10 | <3 | <3 | <3 | PASS |
| | 95% Ethanol(v/v), 60°C, 2 hours | 10 | <3 | <3 | <3 | PASS |
| | Isooctane, 40°C, 0.5 hours | 10 | 3.7 | <3 | <3 | PASS |

Note:

mg/dm² = milligram per square decimetre of surface area of material or article.

2.12 Volatile organic matter (VOM) - DGCCRF

Test Method: With reference to French Arrêté du 25 November 1992, ANNEX III

| Material No. | Test Condition | Limit(%) | Result(%) | Conclusion |
|--------------|----------------|----------|-----------|------------|
| 2 | 200°C, 4 hours | 0.5 | 0.35 | PASS |

Note:

% = Percentage by weight...

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2.13 Peroxide value - DGCCRF

<u>Test Method:</u> With reference to French pharmacopoeia, Xth edition.

| Material | c. Limit(mg/kg) | Result(mg/kg) | Conclusion |
|----------|-----------------|---------------|------------|
| 2 | Absent | Absent | PASS |

2.14 Specific migration of Organotin - DGCCRF

Test Method: With reference to French Arrêté du 25 November 1992, ANNEX III

| Material No. | Limit(mg/kg) | Result(mg/kg) | Conclusion |
|--------------|--------------|---------------|------------|
| 2 | 0.1 | <0.1 | PASS |

Note:

- 1. mg/kg = milligrams per kilogram
- 2. The result express as Tin.

2.15 Specific migration of Bisphenol A (BPA) - DGCCRF

<u>Test Method:</u> With reference to CEN/TS 13130-13:2005, analyzed by Liquid Chromatography- Mass Spectrometry (LC-MS/MS).

| Motorial No | Toot Condition | Limit | Re | sult(mg/k | (g) | Conclusion |
|--------------|--------------------------------------|---------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------|
| Material No. | Test Condition | (mg/kg) | 1 st | 2 nd | 3 rd | Conclusion |
| 1 | 3% Acetic acid(w/v),70°C for 2 hours | 0.05 | <0.01 | <0.01 | <0.01 | PASS |

Note:

mg/kg = milligrams of the constituents released per kilogram of foodstuff.



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2.16 Soluble heavy metal - DGCCRF

<u>Test Method:</u> BS EN13130-1:2004, was analyzed by Inductively Coupled Plasma Mass Spectrometer (ICP-MS).

| | | | Results (mg/kg) | | | | |
|-----|--|---------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|--|--|
| No. | Elements | Limit (mg/kg) | | 1 | | | |
| | | | 1 st | 2 nd | 3 rd | | |
| 1 | Barium (Ba) | 1 | <0.1 | <0.1 | <0.1 | | |
| 2 | Cobalt (Co) | 0.05 | < 0.05 | < 0.05 | < 0.05 | | |
| 3 | Copper (Cu) | 5 | < 0.5 | < 0.5 | < 0.5 | | |
| 4 | Iron (Fe) | 48 | <1 | <1 | <1 | | |
| 5 | Lithium (Li) | 0.6 | <0.1 | <0.1 | <0.1 | | |
| 6 | Manganese (Mn) | 0.6 | < 0.05 | < 0.05 | < 0.05 | | |
| 7 | Zinc (Zn) | 5 | <1 | <1 | <1 | | |
| 8 | Aluminium (Al) | 1 | <0.1 | <0.1 | <0.1 | | |
| 9 | Nickel (Ni) | 0.02 | < 0.01 | < 0.01 | < 0.01 | | |
| 10 | Lead (Pb) | 0.01 | < 0.01 | < 0.01 | < 0.01 | | |
| 11 | Cadmium (Cd) | 0.002 | < 0.002 | < 0.002 | < 0.002 | | |
| 12 | Arsenic (As) | 0.01 | < 0.01 | < 0.01 | < 0.01 | | |
| 13 | Mercury (Hg) | 0.01 | < 0.01 | < 0.01 | < 0.01 | | |
| 14 | Chromium (Cr) | 0.01 | < 0.01 | < 0.01 | < 0.01 | | |
| 15 | Antimony (Sb) | 0.04 | < 0.02 | < 0.02 | < 0.02 | | |
| 16 | Europium (Eu) | | | | | | |
| 17 | Gadolinium (Gd) | 0.05 | <0.01 | < 0.01 | <0.01 | | |
| 18 | Lanthanum (La) | 0.05 | <0.01 | <0.01 | ~0.01 | | |
| 19 | Terbium (Tb) | | | | | | |
| 20 | Calcium (Ca) | | < 0.001 | < 0.001 | < 0.001 | | |
| 21 | Ammonium (NH ₄ ⁺) | | < 0.001 | < 0.001 | < 0.001 | | |
| 22 | Magnesium (Mg) | | < 0.001 | < 0.001 | < 0.001 | | |
| 23 | potassium (K) | | 0.011 | 0.014 | < 0.001 | | |
| 24 | Sodium (Na) | | < 0.001 | < 0.001 | < 0.001 | | |
| | Conclusion | | PASS | PASS | PASS | | |

Note:

- 1. Test Condition: 3% Acetic acid(w/v),70°C for 2 hours
- 2. mg/kg = milligrams of the constituents released per kilogram of foodstuff.
- 3. The results of the three migration tests should show a decreasing trend, and the results of the third test should be used to determine the compliance.



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2.17 Primary aromatic amines - DGCCRF

<u>Test Method:</u> BS EN 13130-1:2004, analyzed by Ultra-high performance liquid chromatography – tandem mass

spectrometry (UPLC-MS/MS).

| | | | Limit | Results (mg/kg) | | | |
|-----|--|----------|---------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| No. | Substances Name | CAS No. | (mg/kg) | | 1 | T | |
| | | | (9,1.9) | 1 st | 2 nd | 3 rd | |
| 1 | biphenyl-4-ylamine/ 4-aminodiphenyl/ xenylamine | 92-67-1 | 0.002 | <0.002 | <0.002 | <0.002 | |
| 2 | benzidine | 92-87-5 | 0.002 | < 0.002 | < 0.002 | < 0.002 | |
| 3 | 4-chloro-o-toluidine | 95-69-2 | 0.002 | < 0.002 | < 0.002 | < 0.002 | |
| 4 | 2-naphthylamine | 91-59-8 | 0.002 | < 0.002 | < 0.002 | < 0.002 | |
| 5 | o-aminoazotoluene/ 4-o-tolylazo-o-toluidine/ 4-amino-2', 3-dimethylazobenzene | 97-56-3 | 0.002 | <0.002 | <0.002 | <0.002 | |
| 6 | 2-amino-4-nitrotoluene/ 5-nitro-o-toluidine | 99-55-8 | 0.002 | <0.002 | <0.002 | <0.002 | |
| 7 | 4-chloroaniline | 106-47-8 | 0.002 | < 0.002 | < 0.002 | < 0.002 | |
| 8 | 4-methoxy-m-phenylenediamin e | 615-05-4 | 0.002 | <0.002 | <0.002 | <0.002 | |
| 9 | 4,4'-methylenedianiline/4,4'-dia minodiphenylmethane | 101-77-9 | 0.002 | <0.002 | <0.002 | <0.002 | |
| 10 | 3,3'-dichlorobenzidine/ 3,3'-dichlorobiphenyl-4,4'-ylene diamine | 91-94-1 | 0.002 | <0.002 | <0.002 | <0.002 | |
| 11 | 3,3'-dimethoxybenzidine/ o-dianisidine | 119-90-4 | 0.002 | <0.002 | <0.002 | <0.002 | |
| 12 | 3,3'-dimethylbenzidine/ 4,4'-bi-o-toluidine | 119-93-7 | 0.002 | <0.002 | <0.002 | <0.002 | |
| 13 | 4,4'-methylenedi-o-toluidine | 838-88-0 | 0.002 | < 0.002 | < 0.002 | < 0.002 | |
| 14 | 6-methoxy-m-toluidine/ p-cresidine | 120-71-8 | 0.002 | <0.002 | <0.002 | <0.002 | |
| 15 | 4,4'-methylene-bis-(2-chloroani line)/ 2,2'-dichloro-4,4'-methylene-di aniline | 101-14-4 | 0.002 | <0.002 | <0.002 | <0.002 | |
| 16 | 4,4'-oxydianiline | 101-80-4 | 0.002 | < 0.002 | < 0.002 | < 0.002 | |
| 17 | 4,4'-thiodianiline | 139-65-1 | 0.002 | < 0.002 | < 0.002 | < 0.002 | |
| 18 | o-toluidine/ 2-aminotoluene | 95-53-4 | 0.002 | < 0.002 | < 0.002 | < 0.002 | |
| 19 | 4-methyl-m-phenylenediamine/ 2,4-toluylendiamine | 95-80-7 | 0.002 | <0.002 | <0.002 | <0.002 | |
| 20 | 2,4,5-trimethylaniline | 137-17-7 | 0.002 | < 0.002 | < 0.002 | < 0.002 | |
| 21 | o-anisidine / 2-methoxyaniline | 90-04-0 | 0.002 | < 0.002 | < 0.002 | < 0.002 | |
| 22 | 4-aminoazobenzene | 60-09-3 | 0.002 | < 0.002 | < 0.002 | < 0.002 | |

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| 23 | m-Phenylenediamine | 108-45-2 | 0.002 | < 0.002 | < 0.002 | < 0.002 |
|----|---|-----------|-------|------------|---------|---------|
| 24 | Aniline | 62-53-3 | | | | |
| 25 | 2,4-Dimethylaniline/2,4-xylidine | 95-68-1 | | | | |
| 26 | 2,6-Dimethylaniline/2,6-xylidine | 87-62-7 | | 0.01 <0.01 | | <0.01 |
| 27 | m-Phenylenediamine | 108-45-2 | 0.01 | | <0.01 | |
| 28 | p-Phenylenediamine/ 1,4-phenylenediamine | 106-50-3 | 0.01 | | | |
| 29 | 2,6-Toluenediamine | 823-40-5 | | | | |
| 30 | 1,5-Diaminenaphthalane | 2243-62-1 | | | | |
| | Conclusion | · | | | PASS | |

Note:

- 1. Test Condition: 3% Acetic acid(w/v), 70℃ for 2 hours
- 2. mg/kg = milligrams of the constituents released per kilogram of foodstuff.
- 3. The results of the three migration tests should show a decreasing trend, and the results of the third test should be used to determine the compliance.

2.18 Pentachlorophenol(PCP)

<u>Method:</u> With reference to EN ISO 15320:2011, analyzed by Gas Chromatograph-Mass Spectrometry (GC-MS).

| Material No. | Limit (mg/kg) | Result (mg/kg) | Conclusion |
|--------------|---------------|----------------|------------|
| 3 | 0.15 | <0.1 | PASS |

Note:

mg/kg = milligram per kilogram.

2.19 Specific migration of Formaldehyde

Test Method: With reference to CEN/TS 13130-23:2005, analyzed by Ultraviolet visible Spectroscopy (UV-Vis).

| Material No | Took Condition | | Re | sult(mg/k | g) | Canaluaian | |
|--------------|-------------------------------|--------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------|--|
| Material No. | Test Condition | Limit(mg/kg) | 1 st | 2 nd | 3 rd | Conclusion | |
| 3 | Distilled water, 80°C, 2hours | 15 | <1 | <1 | <1 | PASS | |

Note: mg/kg = milligrams of the constituents released per kilogram of foodstuff.



2.20 Mechanical dishwashing

<u>Test Method:</u> BS EN 12875-1:2005 Mechanical dishwashing resistance of utensils - Part 1: Reference test method for domestic articles.

- 1. Visually inspect samples and record any cosmetic defects.
- 2. Load the dishwasher with tested samples. The other sample will be used as the stand.
- 3. Fill the dishwasher soap holder with the powder detergent, colse and lock the dishwasher as recommended in the operating instructions.
- 4. Run the dishwasher for 10 cycles with 149°F(65°C) water at "normal setting" for housewares. Each cycle includes soaking, washing and drying.
- 5. Remove and visually examine each sample.

Test Requirement: The sample shall show no signs of discoloration or cracking after testing.

Sample size:1 pieces

Test result details show as following table:

| Comercia Na | | | | | Washir | ig cycle | | | | |
|--|------|------|------|------|--------|-----------------|------------------|------|------|------|
| Sample No. 1st 2nd 3rd 4th 5th 6th 7th 8th 9th | | | | | | 9 th | 10 th | | | |
| 4 | PASS | PASS | PASS | PASS | PASS | PASS | PASS | PASS | PASS | PASS |





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Before test After test



2.21 Microwavable testing

<u>Test Method:</u> BS EN 15284:2007 Materials and articles in contact with food stuffs Test method for the resistance to microwave heating of ceramic, glass, glass-ceramic or plastics cookware

Number of Tested Samples: 1 Piece Number of Control Sample: 1 Piece

Test Procedure:

- 1. Apply a stain to the surface of the test specimen and wash clear.
- 2. Visually check that the surface is not damaged. Note any small faults prior to testing.
- 3. Except for articles made from glass or glass-ceramic, immerse the test specimen in water at a temperature of $(20+3)^{\circ}$ for one hour and then wipe the surface dry with a cloth.
- 4. Pour (125 ± 2.5) ml of water into each water container and place at the back of the oven so as not to interfere with the turntable.
- 5. Place the test specimen at the center of the oven on the turntable and microwave for the time determined in 5.2 to apply the specified energy for the short period. If electrical arcing begins IMMEDIATELY SWITCH OFF THE OVEN. Terminate the test and state in the test report that at the onset of electrical arcing the test was terminated.
- 6. After the cycle is completed, open the oven door and, of applicable, using the surface temperature measuring apparatus, find and record the highest temperature of the handle. When additional data is required, follow this procedure to find the highest surface temperature. Ensure that this process takes no longer than 45s.
- 7. Immediately following 6,set the oven for the long period determined in 5.2 and restart.
- 8. After completion, when additional data is required, record the highest surface temperature(in no morethan 45s). Remove the test specimen from the oven and allow it to cool on an insulated surface to prevent thermal shock.
- 9. Apply stain to the test specimen and wash clear(as in 1).
- 10. Visually inspect the test specimen for damage according to the criteria in Table 1. For the colour criterion, an inspector and inspection site that meet the requirements of Clause 4 and 5.2 of EN12875-2:2001 are required.
- 11. Repeat the test using the different article shapes in the set.

Test Requirement:

1. No any damage occurs according to the criteria in 10, the inspection criteria in the following table

Cracking Deform Suitability Charring Material Crazing Scaling Colour Melting ation for re-use Ceramic + °C Glass, glassceramic **Plastics**

Table 1 — Inspection criteria

(+) = to be inspected refers to the glaze

b refers to on-glaze decoration

 $^{^{\}rm c}$ if several colours are present on one article to be inspected, the colour with the greatest change shall be chosen

d article shall not be too soft to handle

e article shall be washable and stain resistant



2. The maximum surface temperature of handles after the short period heating shall not exceed the following limit values.

Ceramic, Glass
<ceramic of Glass: 56°C

Plastic: 60°C

3. The microwave power output calculation:

 $P = 4.187* \triangle T(Mw+0.55Mc)/t$

P is the microwave power output in watts

 $\triangle T$ is the difference between the initial and final water temperature

Mw is the mass of water in grams

Mc is the mass of the container in grams

t is the time in seconds

Now:

 Δ T=10°C; Mw=10001g; Mc=285g; t=75s; P=4.187*10*(1001+0.55*285)/75=650W

Short time=72000/646=110s long time=468000/646=720s

Test Result:

1.Observation parameter(s)

| Observation parameter(s) | Observation - Plastics |
|--------------------------|------------------------|
| | 4 |
| Cracking | No |
| Colour | No |
| Melting | No |
| Deformation | No |
| Suitability for reuse | No |
| Charring | No |

2. Surface temperature

| Commis No | Maximum surface temperature after short period heating (°C) | |
|------------|---|--|
| Sample No. | Plastics | |
| 4 | 35.4 | |

| Sample No. | Maximum surface temperature after short period heating (°C) |
|------------|---|
| | Plastics |
| 4 | 90.7 |







Before test After test



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3. Sample description

| Material No. | Description |
|--------------|---------------------------------|
| 1 | Navy plastic(lunch box) |
| 2 | Transparent silicone(seal ring) |
| 3 | Brown bamboo(lid) |
| 4 | Lunch box(Navy) |

Photo of Sample











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End of Report

